

Assistive Technology Through the Regional Center

Regional Center Overview

Established by the Lanterman Act. Provides services for Californians with developmental disabilities

Welf. & Instit. Code §4501 et seq.

- Private, no-profit agencies contracted through the Department of Developmental Services (DDS)
- 21 regional centers within California
- Available for all ages
 - Early Start Program Ages 0-3
 - ► Lanterman regional center eligibility Ages 3 and above (children and adults)
- A "Consumer" is a client of a regional center

Purpose of Services and Supports

- Regional centers offer a comprehensive set of services and supports, including assessments and case management.
- Services and supports to "approximate the pattern of everyday living available to people without disabilities of the same age"
- Under the Lanterman Act, services and supports must be directed toward:
 - Lessening the effects of a developmental disability;
 - Achievement and maintenance of an independent, productive, and normal live

Regional Center Services

"Assistive Technology" means any item, piece of equipment, or system that is used to help improve functional capabilities of an infant or toddler with a disability.

Cal. Code Regs. Tit. 17, §52000(b)(5)

The Lanterman Act also uses the term "adaptive equipment" to describe assistive technology

Welf. & Instit. Code §§4685(c)(1), 4512(b)

Types of Adaptive Equipment

- Examples of adaptive equipment (assistive technology)
 - ▶ Wheelchairs,
 - Hospital Beds,
 - Communication Devices
 - Other necessary appliances and supplies

Right to Assistive Technology

- Consumers of regional centers have a right to get services and supports in the "least restrictive environment" (LRE)
 - Right to service and supports close to your home community.
 - Right to services and supports in your own home, in a health care or other licensed facility

Welf. & Instit. §4648(a)(2) & (9)(A).

Right to assistive technology that meets consumer's individual needs.

Integrated Services

- "Integration mandate" under the ADA
 - Public entities
 - "Most integrated setting"
- Important that regional centers provide opportunities for consumers to be "integrated into the mainstream life" of their communities
 - Includes work, recreation, social community service, education, and public services

Welf. & Instit. §4688

Determining Need for Assistive Technology

- You must establish:
 - Your need for an assistive technology device is related to his/her developmental disability
 - The assistive technology device is necessary to maximize your developmental potential
 - It will help with increasing access to employment, community integration, or independence
 - ► The need is documented in your specific Individual Program Plan (IPP)
- You have sought out other funding sources first, e.g. school district, insurance, etc.
 - Generic Resources

Generic Resources

Any agency receiving public funds with legal responsibility to serve all members of the general public.

Cal. Code Regs. tit 17, §54302(a)(31)

- Regional Center is the "payer of last resort" Welf. & Instit. § 4659.10
- Regional centers are prohibited from purchasing any service that would otherwise be available from:
 - Medi-Cal, Medicare;
 - In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS);
 - Department of Rehabilitation (DOR);
 - School Districts;
 - Private insurance or a health care service plan.

Use of Generic Resources

Regional Center is the generic Targeted Case Management provider.

Cal. Govt. §14132.48; 42 USC 1396n(g)

▶ There shall be no gaps in service.

Welf. & Instit. §§4501, 4648(g)

Regional center must identify and pursue all possible sources of funding

Welf. & Instit. §4659(a)

Generic Resources – School

- School District Special Education
 - No cost to families (Free and Appropriate Public Education, or FAPE)
 - Assist student with a disability in progressing toward IEP goals and objectives
 - Can request assistive technology through an IEP, or request an assessment for assistive technology (called an AT assessment).
 - ► Equipment can be used at home if it furthers IEP school goals.

Generic Resources – Department of Rehabilitation

- DOR assists those with disabilities to obtain and retain employment (work) and live independently in their communities.
 - ► Tailored to help people meet employment goals.
 - Can provide educational and college training.
- ▶ If you are eligible to get services from DOR, then the regional center cannot purchase the same or similar services.
 - Assistive technology falls under "rehabilitative technology"
 - ▶ DOR can also provide "assistive technology services", which includes evaluating your need for an AT device.

Generic Resources – Other Agencies

- Medi-Cal
 - State and federal program that ensure health care coverage to many low-income people
 - Assistive technology falls under "durable medical equipment" or "medical supplies"
 - Includes communication devices if determined to be medically necessary
- California Children's Services
- Your Employer
 - Federal and state law require employers to accommodate and provide assistive technology as a reasonable accommodation
 - Americans with Disability Act (ADA)
 - ▶ Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, California laws

Generic resources – Gap Funding

- ▶ If a service written in your IPP is not provided by a generic agency, the regional center must fill the gap (i.e., fund the service) in order to meet the goals set forth in the IPP
- Regional centers can pay for services while the coverage is being pursued, pending a final administrative decision or until the commencement of the services.

Welf. & Instit. Code §§4648(a)(1) and (g), 4501

Purchase of Service Policies

- Regional center's guidelines for purchasing services and supports.
- Explains the requirements for receiving services and sometimes set limits.
- Must be cost-effective.
- Varies at each regional center.
 - Some regional center POS policies include specific policies for funding assistive technology

EXAMPLE: Regional Center of the East Bay (RCEB)

- "RCEB may purchase AT when it is required for reasons related to the developmental disability..."
- When the Planning Team believes either:
 - ▶ (a) The equipment or device will prevent further disabilities, maintain or improve current functioning;
 - ▶ (b) The equipment is integral to the health care or function of an individual, or makes specialized care in the home possible;
 - ➤ (c) The equipment allows the consumer to interact with his/her environment, and increases independence and family/community inclusion

Requesting Assistive Technology

- You can request assistive technology at an IPP meeting.
- You can request an IPP meeting at any time. The meeting must be held within 30 days.
- If regional center doesn't make a decision at the IPP meeting, it must schedule another meeting within 15 days.
- Important that assistive technology is written into the IPP
- Provide evidence that supports your need for assistive technology. You can also request an AT assessment.
- Prepare questions to ask service coordinator
 - Who will provide the training for the AT device?
 - Who is responsible for damage or repairs?

Disagreement with Regional Center

- If the regional center denies your request for assistive technology, it must provide its decision in writing within 5 days
 - Notice of Action (NOA)
- If you disagree with the regional center's decision, you can choose to "appeal".
 - File for fair hearing.
 - Right to a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge
 - You have within 30 days of receiving the NOA to file for fair hearing
- If you want a service or support to stay in place, you need to file an appeal within 10 days of being notified by the regional center.
 - Aid Paid pending

Assistive Technology and access to Effective Communication

- ➤ AT supports may include equipment or devices to help consumers communicate effectively with other people.
 - Do you need some type of assistive technology device or equipment to participate in your IPP meetings?
 - Do you need assistive technology to communicate with group home staff, day program staff, or service provides?

Assistive Technology for Blind or Visually Impaired

- The regional center must communicate with the consumer by using alternative communication services.
 - Information in a "culturally and linguistically appropriate" manner includes using alternative communication services
- These services must include appropriate auxiliary aids and services where necessary.

DRC Resources

Website: https://www.disabilityrightsca.org/

For more information on the services provided by the regional center and on the Individual Program Plan (IPP) process, refer to our publication, *Rights Under the Lanterman Act* (RULA).

Questions?

Thank you!

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